

**CODE OF ETHICS  
FOR  
PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION  
PROSPECT CAPITAL MANAGEMENT L.P.  
PROSPECT FLOATING RATE AND ALTERNATIVE INCOME FUND, Inc.  
(Board Approved: August 27, 2024)**

**Section I. Statement of General Fiduciary Principles**

This Code of Ethics (the “Code”) has been adopted by each of Prospect Capital Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries (“PCC” or the “Corporation”), Prospect Floating Rate and Alternative Income Fund, Inc. (“PFLOAT,” and, together with PCC, the “Corporations”), and Prospect Capital Management L.P., the investment adviser (the “Adviser” or “PCM”) of the Corporations (together “Prospect”), in compliance with Rule 17j-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”) and Rule 204A-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”). The purpose of the Code is to establish standards and procedures for the detection and prevention of activities by which persons having knowledge of the investments, investment intentions and other non-public information of the Corporations may abuse their fiduciary duty to the Corporations, and otherwise to deal with the types of conflict of interest situations to which Rule 17j-1 and Rule 204A-1 are addressed.

The Code is based on the principle that the directors and officers of the Corporations, and the managers, partners, officers, personnel and employees of the Adviser, who provide services to the Corporations, (i) owe a fiduciary duty to the Corporations to conduct their personal securities transactions in a manner that does not interfere with the Corporations’ transactions or otherwise take unfair advantage of their relationship with the Corporations, and (ii) owe a fiduciary duty of care, loyalty, honesty and good faith to act in the best interests of the Corporations and their shareholders. All Access Persons (as defined below) are expected to adhere to this general principle as well as to comply with all of the specific provisions of this Code that are applicable to them. Any Access Person who is affiliated with another entity that is a registered investment adviser is, in addition, expected to comply with the provisions of the code of ethics that has been adopted by such other investment adviser.

Technical compliance with the Code will not automatically insulate any Access Person from scrutiny of transactions that show a pattern of compromise or abuse of the individual’s fiduciary duty to the Corporations. Accordingly, all Access Persons must seek to avoid any actual or potential conflicts between their personal interests and the interests of the Corporations and their shareholders. In sum, all Access Persons shall place the interests of the Corporations before their own personal interests.

All Access Persons must read and retain this Code of Ethics.

**Section II Definitions**

- (A) “Access Person” means any Supervised Person (as defined below) of the Adviser who has access to non-public information regarding the Corporations or any other clients’ purchase or sale of securities, or non-public information regarding the portfolio holdings of the Corporations or any other clients for which the Adviser serves as investment adviser, or whose investment adviser or principal underwriter controls (as defined below) the Adviser, is controlled by the Adviser, or is under common control with the Adviser, or Advisory Person (as defined below) of the Corporations or the Adviser.
- (B) An “Advisory Person” of the Corporations or the Adviser means: (i) any director, officer, general partner or employee of the Corporations or the Adviser, or any company in a control relationship to the Corporations or the Adviser, who in connection with his or her regular functions or duties makes, participates in, or obtains information regarding the purchase or sale of any Covered Security (as defined below) by the Corporations, or whose functions relate to the making of any recommendation with respect to such purchases or sales; and (ii) any natural person in a control relationship to the Corporations or the Adviser, who obtains information concerning recommendations made to the

Corporations with regard to the purchase or sale of any Covered Security by the Corporations.

(C) “Beneficial Ownership” is interpreted in the same manner as it would be under Rule 16a-1(a)(2) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “1934 Act”). Under this Rule, a person is deemed to have beneficial ownership of a security if the person, directly or indirectly, through contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship or otherwise, has or shares a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in such security. A “pecuniary interest” in a security means the opportunity, directly or indirectly, to profit or share in any profit derived from a transaction in the security. A person is presumed to have an “indirect pecuniary interest” in securities held by a member of his or her “Immediate Family” (although this presumption may be rebutted). For purposes of the Rule, “Immediate Family” means any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, spouse, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and shall include adoptive relationships. An indirect pecuniary interest also includes, among other things:

- a general partner’s proportionate interest in the portfolio securities held by a general or limited partnership;
- subject to certain exceptions specified in the Rule, a performance-related fee, other than an asset-based fee, received by any broker, dealer, bank, insurance company, investment company, investment adviser, investment manager, trustee or person or entity performing a similar function;
- a person’s right to dividends that is separated or separable from the underlying securities;
- a person’s interest in securities held by certain trusts; and
- a person’s right to acquire equity securities through the exercise or conversion of any derivative security, whether or not presently exercisable. The term “derivative security” means any option, warrant, convertible security, stock appreciation right, or similar right with an exercise or conversion privilege at a price related to an equity security, or similar securities with a value derived from the value of an equity security.

A person who is a shareholder of a corporation or similar entity is not deemed to have a pecuniary interest in portfolio securities held by the corporation or the entity if the shareholder is not a controlling shareholder of the corporation or the entity and does not have or share investment control over the corporation’s or the entity’s portfolio.

(D) “Chief Compliance Officer” or “CCO” means the Chief Compliance Officer(s) of the Corporations or the Adviser, as the context requires.

(E) “ComplySci” means the ComplySci Platform by Compliance Science, Inc., which Prospect employs for all compliance monitoring of Access Persons, including trade monitoring, certifications and attestations, and reporting of personal trading accounts and activities, gifts and entertainment and outside business affiliations.

(F) “Control” shall have the same meaning as that set forth in Section 2(a)(9) of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, “control” means the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company, unless such power is solely the result of an official position with the company. A person is presumed to control a company if he or she owns beneficially, either directly or through one or more controlled companies, more than 25% of the voting securities of that company.

(G) “Covered Security” means a security as defined in Section 2(a)(36) of the 1940 Act and Section 202(a)(18) of the Advisers Act, which includes: any note, stock, treasury stock, security future, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest or participation in any profit-sharing agreement, collateral-trust certificate, pre-organization certificate or subscription, transferable share, investment contract, voting-trust certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, fractional undivided interest in oil, gas, or other mineral rights, any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege on any security (including a certificate of deposit) or on any group or index of securities (including any interest therein or based on the value thereof), or any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege entered into on a national securities exchange relating to foreign currency, or, in general, any interest or instrument

commonly known as a “security,” or any certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for, receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing. Covered Security also means any exchange traded fund.

“Covered Security” does not include: (i) direct obligations of the Government of the United States; (ii) bankers’ acceptances, bank certificates of deposit, commercial paper and high quality short-term debt instruments, including repurchase agreements; (iii) shares issued by money market funds; (iv) shares issued by open-end investment companies registered under the 1940 Act that are not Reportable Funds (as defined below); and (v) shares issued by unit investment trusts that are invested exclusively in one or more open-end investment companies registered under the 1940 Act, none of which are Reportable Funds.

References to a Covered Security in this Code (e.g., a prohibition or requirement applicable to the purchase or sale of a Covered Security) shall be deemed to refer to and to include any warrant for, option in, or security immediately convertible into that Covered Security, and shall also include any instrument that has an investment return or value that is based, in whole or in part, on that Covered Security (collectively, “Derivatives”). Therefore, except as otherwise specifically provided by this Code: (i) any prohibition or requirement of this Code applicable to the purchase or sale of a Covered Security shall also be applicable to the purchase or sale of a Derivative relating to that Covered Security; and (ii) any prohibition or requirement of this Code applicable to the purchase or sale of a Derivative shall also be applicable to the purchase or sale of a Covered Security relating to that Derivative.

- (H) “Deputy CCO” means the Deputy Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser.
- (I) “Independent Director” means a director of a Corporation who is not an “interested person” of the Corporation within the meaning of Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act.
- (J) “Initial Public Offering” means an offering of securities registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “1933 Act”), the issuer of which, immediately before the registration, was not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the 1934 Act.
- (K) “Limited Offering” means an offering that is exempt from registration under the 1933 Act pursuant to Section 4(2) or Section 4(6) thereof or pursuant to Rule 504, Rule 505, or Rule 506 thereunder.
- (L) “Reportable Fund” means any investment company registered under the 1940 Act: (i) for which the Adviser serves as an investment adviser; or (ii) whose investment adviser or principal underwriter controls the Adviser, is controlled by the Adviser or is under common control with the Adviser.
- (M) “Security Held or to be Acquired” by the Corporations means: (i) any Covered Security which, within the most recent 15 days: (A) is or has been held by a Corporation; or (B) is being or has been considered by a Corporation or the Adviser for purchase by a Corporation; and (ii) any option to purchase or sell, and any security convertible into or exchangeable for, a Covered Security described in Section II (F).
- (N) “Supervised Person” means any partner, officer, director (or other person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions) or employee of the Adviser, or other person who provides investment advice on behalf of the Adviser and is subject to the supervision and control of the Adviser.

### **Section III Objective and General Prohibitions**

A. As set forth in this Code, all Supervised Persons must comply with applicable federal securities laws and regulations. Access Persons may not engage in any investment transaction under circumstances in which he or she benefits from or interferes with the purchase or sale of investments by the Corporations

(or the Adviser on behalf of the Corporations). In addition, Access Persons may not use information concerning the investments or investment intentions of the Corporations, or such person's ability to improperly influence such investment intentions, for personal gain or in a manner detrimental to the interests of the Corporations.

Access Persons may not engage in conduct that is deceitful, fraudulent or manipulative, or that involves false or misleading statements, in connection with the purchase or sale of investments by the Corporations. In this regard, Access Persons should recognize that Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act makes it unlawful for any affiliated person of the Corporations, or any affiliated person of an investment adviser for the Corporations, in connection with the purchase or sale, directly or indirectly, by the person of a Security Held or to be Acquired by the Corporations to:

- (i) employ any device, scheme or artifice to defraud the Corporations;
- (ii) make any untrue statement of a material fact to the Corporations or omit to state to the Corporations a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading;
- (iii) engage in any act, practice or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the Corporations; or
- (iv) engage in any manipulative practice with respect to the Corporations.

Access Persons should also recognize that a violation of this Code, Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act or Rule 204A-1 of the Advisers Act may result in the imposition of: (1) sanctions as provided by Section VIII below; or (2) administrative, civil and, in certain cases, criminal fines, sanctions or penalties. No Access Person may trade any security without advance approval from an Approving Officer (as defined below).

B. For purposes of this Section III.B, (i) "Prospect" shall mean Prospect Capital Corporation, Prospect Floating Rate and Alternative Income Fund, Inc., Prospect Capital Management L.P., Prospect Administration LLC, any PCM-managed fund, or any affiliate or portfolio company of any of the foregoing; (ii) "AP" or "you" shall mean any Access Person; and (iii) "relationship" shall mean, without limitation, any commercial, employment, consulting or other arrangement. This Section III.B expressly modifies the Offer Letter between you and Prospect which you received at the commencement of your employment by Prospect.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Manual or any other writing, agreement, document, statement or action, each AP agrees, as a condition of their offer of a relationship and of any continuing employment, that the agreements set forth in this Section III.B are a contract between such AP and Prospect, enforceable as a contract ancillary to such AP's relationship with Prospect, without which no such employment would be permitted to exist.

You will be an employee at will and have the right (subject to (a) your agreement to provide Prospect with at least twenty (20) business days' notice before resigning, (b) your completion satisfactory to Prospect of all Prospect exit forms and (c) your compliance with the PCM, PCC, and, if applicable, PFLOAT Compliance Manuals (including all obligations to immediately notify Prospect in writing of any inappropriate behavior) as those manuals may be continuously updated or amended from time to time) to terminate your employment at any time for any or no reason, and without thereby so triggering any liability that did not exist before any such termination. Prospect will have the right to terminate your employment at any time for any or no reason, and without thereby so triggering any liability that did not exist before any such termination.

For a period ending on the later of (a) two years after the most recent circulation hereof to any AP, and (b) one year after termination of any AP's relationship with Prospect, such AP shall not enter into discussions for a commercial or employment relationship, nor consummate a commercial or employment relationship, with (i) any portfolio company of Prospect, or (ii) any person, entity or counterparty (x) in which Prospect has made any investment of any kind, (y) which manages assets in which Prospect has made any investment of any kind, or (z) as to which Prospect has issued, considered issuing, or been in

discussions with about making an investment or issuing a term sheet or similar document, in the case of each of (x), (y) or (z), at any time during the course of your employment with Prospect (with each of (i), (ii)(x), (ii)(y) and (ii)(z) separately and together referred to as “counterparty” hereinafter). You agree that Prospect has a legitimate interest in enforcing your obligations in the immediate prior sentence, among other things, in order to ensure that when Prospect’s investment professionals are making investment decisions and recommendations, they are not in any way influenced by the potential to be paid, as a future employee or on any other basis, by a recipient of Prospect’s capital or other business—amounting to a kickback—actual, potential, explicit, implicit, hidden, tacit, or otherwise. You agree that, if you breach any of your obligations in this paragraph, such breach will inflict irreparable harm on Prospect, entitling Prospect to injunctive relief. Under no circumstances will Prospect be required to post a bond or any other collateral or security. Prospect’s rights and remedies with respect to the restrictive covenants in this paragraph are in addition to all other rights and remedies Prospect may have. You agree that your covenants and agreements in this paragraph are binding on you and that Prospect is acting in express reliance thereon, without which Prospect would not hire you.

Notwithstanding any other provision, writing, document, agreement, statement or action, in addition to each AP agreeing to comply with all common law duties imposed upon an officer or employee, and those contained in this Manual (as it may be continuously updated), such AP also agrees not to aid any competitor or potential competitor of Prospect engaged in secured, senior, second lien, subordinated or mezzanine lending, structured credit investing, or private equity investing (a) in the New York, New Jersey, Connecticut “Tri State” area, (b) in the Northeast United States, (c) east of the Mississippi River, or (d) in the United States, or to do anything with any competitor or any such potential competitor to the potential detriment of Prospect during the term of the AP’s employment with Prospect and for one year thereafter. Activities constituting a violation of this paragraph include, among other things (the following list being non-exhaustive and included for illustrative purposes only): direct or indirect employment by or acting as a consultant to, or being a research analyst, portfolio manager, business development professional, employee, agent, owner or partner of, or permitting your name to be used in connection with the activities of any other business or organization (a) in the New York, New Jersey, Connecticut “Tri State” area, (b) in the Northeast United States, (c) east of the Mississippi River, or (d) in the United States, which (i) provides services or products of a nature substantially similar to those provided by Prospect, (ii) makes the same or similar kinds of investments as Prospect, or (iii) which otherwise competes with Prospect. A competitor of Prospect is not deemed a non-competitor of Prospect simply because of the type of investor (e.g., institutional versus retail) from which the competitor raises capital; where such raised capital (no matter the source) is invested in the same or similar kinds of assets as Prospect, a competitor is found under this paragraph. You agree that, if you breach any of your obligations in this paragraph, such breach will inflict irreparable harm on Prospect, entitling Prospect to injunctive relief. Prospect’s rights and remedies with respect to the restrictive covenants in this paragraph are in addition to all other rights and remedies Prospect may have. You agree that your covenants and agreements in this paragraph are binding on you and that Prospect is acting in express reliance thereon.

During, and for a period of three years after a termination of, AP’s employment with Prospect, such AP agrees not to take any action directly or indirectly that could impair any aspect of PCM’s or any affiliate’s contract or relationship with PCC, PFLOAT, any PCM-managed fund, or any affiliate of either, including but not limited to PCM’s and Prospect Administration LLC’s respective contracts with PCC and PFLOAT. During, and for a period of one year following a termination of, each AP’s employment with Prospect, such AP agrees not to (x) accept or continue employment at any firm or entity employing any person who was within the prior three years an officer or employee of Prospect; (y) solicit any person or personnel associated with Prospect to work elsewhere; or (z) compete with Prospect or do anything that could or might potentially impair, in any way, any aspect of Prospect’s business. You agree that, if you breach any of your obligations in this paragraph, such breach will inflict irreparable harm on Prospect, entitling Prospect to injunctive relief. Prospect’s rights and remedies with respect to the restrictive covenants in this paragraph are in addition to all other rights and remedies Prospect may have. You agree that your covenants and agreements in this paragraph are binding on you and that Prospect is acting in express reliance thereon.

You further acknowledge that: (1) your obligations in the previous three paragraphs are reasonably

limited in terms of duration, geography, and business when set in context with the relevant market and your employment functions; (2) your obligations in the previous three paragraphs protect Prospect's legitimate business interests (including but not limited to protecting proprietary strategies and confidential client relationships); (3) your continued employment at, compensation from, and other economic benefits from Prospect constitute adequate consideration for agreeing to comply with your obligations in the previous three paragraphs; and (4) you will not receive any post-departure compensation or economic benefits during the term of your obligations in the previous three paragraphs, and the absence of such post-departure compensation or economic benefits will not impose any undue hardship on you as a result of, among other things, the compensation and economic benefits you will have received from Prospect during the term of your employment. Your full compliance with each and every term in the previous three paragraphs is an express condition of your receipt of any bonus amount paid to you by Prospect. If you choose to breach any term in the previous three paragraphs, or to assert that any term in the previous three paragraphs is unenforceable, then you agree that you are also choosing to forfeit any and all bonus amounts (pre-tax) paid to you by Prospect, thereby obligating you to pay any and all such amounts back to Prospect within five (5) business days of any such breach or assertion. You agree that, in choosing to accept your bonus at any time such bonus is paid to you, or not to pay back to Prospect all amounts as set forth in the immediate prior sentence, you are making the choice not to (i) breach at any time, now or in the future, any term in the previous three paragraphs, or (ii) assert at any time, now or in the future, that any term in the previous three paragraphs is unenforceable. You further agree that the damages to Prospect from your breach of any of your obligations in the previous three paragraphs are difficult to estimate, and you therefore agree that you will pay liquidated damages to Prospect in the event of any such breach equal to the amount of all bonuses (pre-tax) paid by Prospect to you as a Prospect employee. You agree that the amount of liquidated damages stated in the foregoing sentence is reasonable and not a penalty. If you exercise your choice to join a competitor of Prospect or counterparty of Prospect in any manner that is in breach of the previous three paragraphs, then you thereby agree to forfeit back to Prospect all monies described in the preceding two sentences. You further acknowledge that the services you will be performing for Prospect are special, unique, and extraordinary, and accordingly Prospect has a legitimate interest in preventing you from performing such or similar services for a competitor in violation of the previous three paragraphs, and Prospect will suffer irreparable harm from the loss of such or similar services to a competitor if you were to join a competitor of Prospect in breach of this Section III.B, entitling Prospect to injunctive relief. You agree that your acknowledgments and agreements in this paragraph are binding on you and that Prospect is acting in express reliance thereon.

Each AP agrees to respect the confidentiality of all confidential, proprietary or nonpublic information such AP obtains as a result of or in connection with such AP's relationship with Prospect or any of its affiliates. Each AP agrees not to disclose or use any such confidential, proprietary or nonpublic information for any purpose other than the purpose for which it has been entrusted to such AP, and will not use it to compete with or otherwise harm Prospect, or for any other purpose. You agree not to appropriate information from Prospect, confidential or otherwise, and further agree not to use any such information to obtain employment with any other entity or individual by effectively selling Prospect's intellectual property to any such other entity or individual. You acknowledge that Prospect likely could not prove such appropriation as misappropriation or illegal use, given the ease of secreting and transferring trade secrets, intellectual property and other confidential information in the networked Internet age. Accordingly, you agree that if you wish to join or do join a competitor or counterparty of Prospect in breach of this Section III.B, you shall be irrebuttably presumed to have misappropriated Prospect's trade secrets, intellectual property and other confidential information to that new employer and causing Prospect irreparable harm from such misappropriation (which misappropriation a tribunal adjudicating any dispute arising from this paragraph shall hold will inevitably occur in the event you wish to join or do join any competitor or counterparty of Prospect in breach of this Section III.B), entitling Prospect to injunctive relief without posting any bond or other security or collateral. In the foregoing sentence, Prospect's "trade secrets" include but are not limited to (i) methods of originating, screening, negotiating, evaluating, structuring, monitoring and managing debt and equity investments; (ii) the identities of Prospect's business and counterparty relationships (including but not limited to sponsors, intermediaries, borrowers, potential borrowers, portfolio companies, and potential portfolio companies), whether or not included on or in a formal list, spreadsheet or database; and (iii) other documents including but not limited to pipelines, templates,

checklists, heat maps, models and other tools (including but not limited to those used to analyze why an investment should or should not proceed). This confidentiality paragraph shall survive and be binding on you for three years following the termination of your employment with Prospect. You agree that the damages to Prospect from your breach of any of your obligations in this paragraph are difficult to estimate, and you therefore agree that you will pay liquidated damages to Prospect in the event of any such breach equal to the amount of all bonuses (pre-tax) paid by Prospect to you as a Prospect employee. You agree that the amount of liquidated damages stated in the foregoing sentence is reasonable and not a penalty. If you exercise your choice to use Prospect trade secrets and confidential information in any manner that is in breach of this Section III.B (or join a Prospect competitor or counterparty in breach of this Section III.B, in which case you are presumed to inevitably have misappropriated or inevitably misappropriate in the future Prospect's trade secrets and confidential information in violation of this paragraph), then you thereby agree to forfeit back to Prospect all monies described in the preceding two sentences. You agree that your covenants and agreements in this paragraph are binding on you and that Prospect is acting in express reliance thereon.

Each AP agrees not to disparage Prospect or any Prospect person on Glassdoor or any similar employer review website or app, anonymously or otherwise. AP's obligations under this paragraph never expire.

Each AP of Prospect, and of any company in which Prospect invests, is required to obey all standards of prudence and safety, and to comply at all times with all civil and criminal legal standards, including but not limited to all international, federal, state, local, SRO, and other duly constituted authority laws, regulations, procedures and protocols, and best practices, at all times, at work, at home, on vacation, domestically and internationally, and to do everything possible at all times to avoid any potential risk, harm or injury to the person or property of anyone or anything else, wherever situated. Accordingly, just as illustrative examples, it shall be a violation of the Compliance Manual of each of PCC, PFLOAT, and PCM to talk on a cell phone while driving, text message while driving, drive while under the influence of alcohol, drive above applicable speed limits, trespass, refuse to cooperate with an officer, ski or snowboard faster than is prudent, jaywalk, or fail to exercise due care on a golf course, at the beach, or on the streets of New York City, making discriminatory or hurtful remarks, faces or gestures, etc. The above list is designed to be illustrative only and in no way exhaustive. Lapses of sound judgment are violations of the Compliance Manual of each of PCC, PFLOAT, and PCM.

You acknowledge that your base salary constitutes full payment for time worked at Prospect, and that any bonus payment is not a wage or salary but instead a fully discretionary addition Prospect can make or not make in its sole discretion, as the term "sole discretion" is defined in this paragraph. You recognize, acknowledge, understand and agree that any decision to award you a bonus, if any, as well as the amount, timing (year-end, later or otherwise), vesting, liquidity, claw back, form, and whether any bonus payment is made at any time, will be subject to the "sole discretion" of Prospect, such phrase as used herein meaning Prospect's sole and absolute discretion as to process and result, which shall be final for all purposes hereunder, to be exercised (to the fullest extent the law permits) as arbitrarily and capriciously as Prospect may wish, for any reason or no reason, which discretion shall be subject to no standard of reasonableness or review anywhere, and shall give rise to no claim before any regulator, arbitrator, court, tribunal or any other entity or person. You further acknowledge that allocations of credit to team members for closed transactions, the absolute and relative financial success and performance of Prospect, any net contributions by you (both tangible and intangible), if any, thereto relative to the net contributions of others, including capital contributions, as determined by Prospect's senior management in its sole discretion, market conditions, and any other matters that might be considered for bonus and other purposes are not amenable to any simple or precise formula but must be entrusted to the sole discretion of Prospect. You further acknowledge that a necessary precondition of payment by Prospect of any bonus of any kind is that you must be employed in good standing at Prospect (in the sole discretion of Prospect) on the date of any such payment. If, before the projected date of any bonus payment, unvested stock or any other unvested or deferred payment, you resign or are terminated voluntarily or involuntarily, or are otherwise separated from Prospect for any or no reason, or are otherwise unable to timely fulfill all your Prospect responsibilities to the satisfaction of Prospect (in the sole discretion of Prospect), you shall not be eligible to receive any such payment. Similarly, you acknowledge and agree that the payment to you of any amount subject to vesting shall be paid to you only if (a) you successfully

complete 100% of the entire vesting period as an employee of record on the Prospect payroll in good standing (in the sole discretion of Prospect) (such waterfall vesting to mean no vesting, pro-rated or otherwise, of any unvested amounts triggered by less than completion of 100% of such Prospect payroll periods); (b) you are an employee of record on the Prospect payroll in good standing (in the sole discretion of Prospect) on the last day of the applicable vesting period; and (c) with respect to any bonus amount in the form of PCC stock, you provide to Prospect written proof from your personal brokerage institution of your purchase with cash of PCC stock in the correct dollar amounts after vesting and during the applicable trading window. Unvested bonus amounts, unvested stock and unvested profit sharing (i) are contingent means of rewarding in the future only those employees of record who complete the respective applicable vesting periods while on the Prospect payroll in good standing (in the sole discretion of Prospect) and (ii) have no value to you until the applicable vesting period fully expires at a time when you are still an employee of record on the Prospect payroll in good standing (in the sole discretion of Prospect). **Any unvested amounts shall be immediately forfeited in their entirety once you are no longer an employee of record on the Prospect payroll in good standing (in the sole discretion of Prospect), whether your separation is voluntary, involuntary or otherwise.** For purposes of this paragraph, “vesting” means the process by which any deferred bonus amount might become payable to you after the elapse of time or one or more waiting periods, with such elapse of time or waiting period(s) (1) determined in all events and at all times in the sole discretion of Prospect, and (2) during all of which you must be an employee of record on the Prospect payroll and in good standing (in the sole discretion of Prospect).

Annex A of the Adviser’s Compliance Manual is an integral part of this Section III.B as fully as if set forth herein in its entirety *in haec verba*. Any agreement or commitment of Prospect to anyone must be pursuant to a formal written instrument signed by John Francis Barry III specifying the change from the prior state of affairs and the reasons why Prospect is agreeing to such change (including but not limited to any offer of employment, partnership, or joint venture, and any commitment, agreement, amendment, waiver, consent, change in ownership, interest rate or other term). This Section III.B and Annex A of the Adviser’s Compliance Manual expressly modify the Offer Letter between you and Prospect which you received at the commencement of your employment by Prospect.

## **Section IV Prohibited Transactions**

Access Persons may not purchase or sell any individual publicly traded security, nor participate in any initial public offering or limited offering (as each term is defined in Rule 204A-1 of the Advisers Act) (such, together with individually traded public securities, “Covered Securities”) without advance approval from the Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, as requested and granted via ComplySci. The CCO of PCM and PCM’s Head of Administration (currently Daria Becker) have access to view, and the Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, monitors, employee investment transactions through ComplySci. Notwithstanding, Access Persons do not need to seek advance approval for trades in Covered Securities conducted through any non-discretionary account over which the Access Person has no direct or indirect influence or control, as further discussed in Section V(D). Mutual Funds are exempt from categorization as Covered Securities,). Additionally, Access Persons must comply with Section 9.4.2 of the Adviser’s Compliance Manual, which is excerpted below.

### **9.4.2 Restricted Lists**

Upon notice from a Supervised Person that PCM is in possession of any material, non-public information regarding an issuer, or otherwise at his or her discretion, the Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, will place the issuer on a “Restricted List” and circulate the updated list of all restricted issuers to supervised persons. PCM supervised persons and their immediate family members are prohibited from personally, or on behalf of an advisory account, purchasing or selling securities of an issuer during any period the issuer is listed on the Restricted List. Issuers of which PCM Supervised Person are expected to have MNPI on a regular basis should generally be placed on the Restricted List. The CCO, or his or her designee, shall inform all supervised persons when an issuer is removed from the Restricted List. An issuer should only be removed from the Restricted List after such

time as the PCM supervised person responsible for monitoring a given issuer or investment can confidently attest that PCM is no longer in possession of MNPI regarding such issuer.

### **Personal Trading of PSEC shares**

No affiliate, director, member, officer or employee of PCC or PCM, or any other person who has access to non-public information pertaining to the operations, assets, investment activities or other material matters concerning the Corporation ("Access Persons") and their immediate family members may trade in the shares of PCC ("PSEC Shares"):

- (i) under any circumstances, when in possession of material non-public information;
- (ii) without advance permission of one of the CCO of PCC, CCO of PCM, Deputy CCO or, with respect to each, his or her designee (each, an "Approving Officer");
- (iii) without providing a written confirmation of any permitted trade under paragraph (ii) above immediately to the Approving Officers (in addition to enabling a broker feed from his or her accounts to ComplySci); and
- (iv) other than during the period beginning on the business day immediately following any earnings call held by or on behalf of PCC and ending on the later of (x) the four week anniversary of such date, or (y) one week before the end of the next fiscal quarter; provided, that such "trading window" shall be closed at any time any Approving Officer comes into possession of material non-public information.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, an Access Person is not permitted to short PSEC Shares (or enter into any Derivative which has the economic effect of increasing in value when PSEC Shares decrease in value). Upon submitting prospective trades to the Approving Officers for pre-approval, the applicant will be informed of any restrictions or black-out periods due to 10Q or 10K filings or for any other reason that warrants suspension of trading by Access Persons in order to comply with applicable laws and regulations and the policies and procedures of PCC or PCM.

Additionally, Access Persons may make transactions in PSEC Shares outside the trading window if they are made pursuant to a predetermined, non-discretionary trading plan ("automatic investment plan"), provided that such plan has been reviewed and approved by the PCM Head of Administration, or his or her designee. The PCM Head of Administration, Deputy CCO, or his or her respective designee, shall collect evidence of the non-discretionary nature of the automatic investment plan, such as a letter from the responsible investment adviser, prior to granting approval. In addition, the Adviser may grant stock or other forms of equity of the Corporation to an Access Person outside the trading window if it is made pursuant to a predetermined employee stock plan or vesting schedule, provided such grant has been reviewed and approved by the PCM Head of Administration, or his or her designee.

- (A) No Access Person shall recommend any transaction in any Covered Securities by a Corporation without having disclosed to each of the Adviser and the relevant Corporation, his or her interest, if any, in such Covered Security or the issuer thereof, including: the Access Person's Beneficial Ownership of any Covered Securities of such issuer; any contemplated transaction by the Access Person in such Covered Securities; any position or other economic interest that the Access Person has with such issuer; and any present or proposed business relationship between such issuer and the Access Person (or a party in which the Access Person has a significant interest).
- (B) An Access Person must comply with the Adviser's insider trading policies and procedures with respect to material non-public information. Please refer to the section entitled "Insider Trading Procedures" in the Adviser's Compliance Manual.

### **Section V Reports by Access Persons**

#### **(A) Initial Holdings Reports.**

No later than 10 days after a person becomes an Access Person, such person must file with the Chief Compliance Officer or Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, via ComplySci a Holdings Report. The report requires the Access Person to list all Covered Securities in which the Access Person has Beneficial Ownership. It also requires the Access Person to list all brokers, dealers, and banks where the Access Person maintained an account in which any securities (not just Covered Securities) were held for the direct or indirect benefit of the Access Person on the date such person became an Access Person. The report must be current as of a date no more than 45 days prior to the date the person became an Access Person. For purposes of this section, the term "Access Person" shall also include such person's Immediate Family sharing the same household.

#### **(B) Quarterly Transactions Reporting Form**

No later than 30 days after the end of March, June, September, and December each year, each Access Person must file with the Chief Compliance Officer or Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, via ComplySci a Quarterly Transactions Reporting Form acknowledging receipt of, and agreeing to comply with, this Code. This report requires each Access Person to list all transactions (other than transactions effected pursuant to an automatic investment plan) during the most recent calendar quarter in Covered Securities, in which transactions such Access Person had Beneficial Ownership. The report also requires each Access Person to list all brokers, dealers, and banks where such Access Person established an account in which any securities (not just Covered Securities) were held during the quarter for the direct or indirect benefit of the Access Person. For purposes of this section, the term "Access Person" shall also include such person's Immediate Family sharing the same household. Copies of statements or confirmations containing the information specified in the report may be submitted in lieu of listing the transactions. Access Persons submitting statements (or causing statements to be submitted, including as by enabling a broker feed from his or her accounts to ComplySci) will be deemed to have satisfied this reporting requirement, and need only sign off quarterly on having complied. For periods in which no reportable transactions were effected, the Quarterly Transactions Reporting Form shall contain a representation that no transactions subject to the reporting requirements were effected during the relevant time period.

#### **(C) Annual Holdings Reporting Form**

Each Access Person must file with the Chief Compliance Officer or Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, via ComplySci an Annual Holdings Reporting Form. This report requires the Access Person to list all Covered Securities in which the Access Person has Beneficial Ownership as of December 31 of the prior year. It also requires the Access Person to list all brokers, dealers, and banks where the Access Person maintained an account in which any securities (not just Covered Securities) were held for the direct or indirect benefit of the Access Person as of December 31 of the prior year. The obligations of this Annual Holdings Reporting Form may be satisfied for all holdings in accounts linked via broker feed to ComplySci, and Access Persons will be accordingly deemed to have satisfied this reporting requirement upon pertinent certification. For purposes of this section, the term "Access Person" shall also include such person's Immediate Family sharing the same household.

#### **(D) Exceptions to Reporting Requirements.**

##### **(1) Independent Directors**

Notwithstanding the reporting requirements set forth in this Section V, an Independent Director who would be required to make a report under this Section V solely by reason of being a director of a Corporation is not required to file a Quarterly Transactions or Annual Holdings Form upon becoming a director of a Corporation. Such an Independent Director remains exempt from filing such Quarterly Transactions and Annual Holdings Forms unless such director knew or, in the ordinary course of fulfilling his or her official duties as a director of a Corporation, should have known that during the 15-day period immediately preceding or after the date of the transaction in a Covered Security by the director, such Covered Security is or was purchased or sold by a

Corporation, or a Corporation or the Adviser considered purchasing or selling such Covered Security.

## (2) Access Persons

An Access Person need not make any report under Section V with respect to transactions effected for, and Covered Securities held in, any account over which the Access Person has no direct or indirect influence or control ("non-discretionary account"), provided that the Access Person has provided adequate evidence that he or she has ceded all influence or control over such account.

An Access Person of the Adviser need not submit a Quarterly Transactions Form if all of the information in the report would duplicate information held by the Adviser in its records that are required to be recorded pursuant to Rule 204-2(a)(13) under the Advisers Act, as amended, so long as the Adviser receives such information no later than 15 days after the end of the applicable calendar quarter.

## (E) Brokerage Accounts and Statements.

Access Persons, except Independent Directors, shall:

1. Promptly after account opening, but in no event later than 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter, add to ComplySci any account in which any securities are held for the direct or indirect benefit of the Access Person, and in doing so (a) identify the name of the broker, dealer or bank with whom the account was established and (b) identify any and all holdings in such new account(s) and the date such account(s) were established.
2. Permit the linking of such newly established account via broker feed to ComplySci for the monitoring of all holdings and transactions. If a feed is unable to be established, instruct the brokers, dealers or banks with whom they maintain such an account to provide, or otherwise themselves provide, duplicate account statements to the Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser or the Deputy CCO via ComplySci within two (2) weeks of the end of a typical statement period for the given account.
3. On a quarterly basis, certify that they have complied with the requirements of (1) and (2) above as provided for in the Quarterly Transactions Reporting Form to be filed via ComplySci.

## (F) Responsibility to Report.

It is the responsibility of each Access Person to take the initiative to comply with the requirements of this Section V. Any effort by the Corporations, or by the Adviser and its affiliates, to facilitate the reporting process does not change or alter that responsibility.

## (G) Where to File Reports.

All Quarterly Transactions Reporting Forms, Annual Holdings Reporting Forms, and Quarterly Acknowledgement Forms must be filed the Adviser via ComplySci.

## (H) Disclaimers.

Any report required by this Section V must contain a statement that the report will not be construed as an admission that the person making the report has any direct or indirect Beneficial Ownership in the Covered Security to which the report relates.

## Section VI Additional Prohibitions

### **(A) Confidentiality.**

Until disclosed in a public report to shareholders or to the Securities and Exchange Commission in the normal course, it is the Adviser's fiduciary duty to keep all information concerning the identity of security holdings and financial circumstances of the Corporations confidential. In addition, all information concerning the securities "being considered for purchase or sale" by the Corporations shall be kept confidential by all Access Persons and disclosed by them to other Access Persons only on a "need to know" basis or as otherwise permitted by law. It shall be the responsibility of the Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser and the Corporations to report any inadequacy found in this regard to the directors of the relevant Corporation.

### **(B) Outside Business Activities and Directorships.**

Access Persons may not engage in any outside business activities that may give rise to actual, or the appearance of, conflicts of interest, interfere with the duties to the Corporations or the Adviser, or otherwise jeopardize the integrity or reputation of the Corporations or the Adviser. Similarly, no such outside business activities may be inconsistent with the interests of the Corporations or the Adviser. Access Persons may not use the Corporations' or Adviser's names or related trademarks for personal benefit (or for the benefit of a third party). All outside business activities, including directorships of public or private companies, held by Access Persons shall be reported to the Chief Compliance Officer or the Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, upon hire or prior to engagement in any such role.

## **Section VII Certification**

### **(A) Initial, Quarterly and Annual Certification.**

It is the duty of each Access Person to read and understand the Code of Ethics and consult with the Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser, or his or her designee, with respect to any portion of the Code that is not clearly understood. Access Persons who are directors, managers, officers or employees of a Corporation or the Adviser shall be required to certify initially, quarterly and annually that they have read this Code and that they understand it and recognize that they are subject to it and agree to comply with its terms.

### **(B) Board Review.**

No less frequently than annually, the Chief Compliance Officer of the Corporations and the Adviser must furnish to the Corporations' boards of directors, and the board of directors must consider, a written report that: (A) describes any issues arising under this Code of Ethics or procedures since the last report to the board, including, but not limited to, information about material violations of the Code or procedures and sanctions imposed in response to material violations; and (B) certifies that the Corporations or the Adviser, as applicable, has adopted procedures reasonably necessary to prevent Access Persons from violating the Code.

## **Section VIII Sanctions**

Any violation of this Code shall be subject to the imposition of such sanctions by the Corporations or the Adviser as may be deemed appropriate under the circumstances to achieve the purposes of Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act, Rule 204A-1 of the Advisers Act and this Code. The sanctions to be imposed shall be determined by the board of directors, including a majority of the Independent Directors, provided, however, that with respect to violations by persons who are directors, managers, officers or employees of the Adviser (or of a company that controls the Adviser), the sanctions to be imposed shall be determined by the Adviser (or the controlling person thereof). Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, suspension or termination of employment, a letter of censure and/or restitution of an amount equal to the difference between the price paid or received by a Corporation and the more advantageous price paid or received by the offending person with respect to any security transaction.

## **Section IX Administration and Construction**

- (A) The administration of this Code shall be the responsibility of the Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser, along with his or her designee(s).
- (B) It is the duty of the Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser to ensure completion of the following, provided that he or she shall have the discretion to delegate any of the following to a qualified designee:
  - (1) Maintaining a current list of the names of all Access Persons with an appropriate description of their title or employment, including a notation of any directorships held by Access Persons who are officers or employees of the Adviser or of any company that controls the Adviser, and informing all Access Persons of their reporting obligations hereunder;
  - (2) On an annual basis, providing all Access Persons with a copy of this Code and informing such persons of their duties and obligations hereunder including any supplemental training that may be required from time to time;
  - (3) Maintaining or supervising the maintenance of all records and reports required by this Code and reviewing Quarterly Transactions and Annual Holdings Reporting Forms, and Quarterly Acknowledgement Forms periodically;
  - (4) Using ComplySci to maintain listings of all transactions effected by Access Persons who are subject to the requirement to file Quarterly Transactions and Annual Holdings Reporting Form, and reviewing such transactions against a listing of all restricted securities;
  - (5) Issuing either personally or with the assistance of counsel as may be appropriate, of any interpretation of this Code that may appear inconsistent with the objectives of Rule 17j-1, Rule 204A-1 and this Code;
  - (6) Conducting such inspections or investigations as shall reasonably be required to detect and report, with recommendations, any apparent violations of this Code to the board of directors of the relevant Corporation; and
  - (7) Submitting a written report to the board of directors of the Corporations, no less frequently than annually, that describes any issues arising under the Code since the last such report, including but not limited to the information described in Section VII (B).
- (C) The Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser, or his or her designee, shall maintain or cause to be maintained in an easily accessible place at the principal place of business of the Corporations and the Adviser, the following records:
  - 1. A copy of all codes of ethics adopted by the Corporations or the Adviser and its affiliates, as the case may be, pursuant to Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act and/or Rule 204A-1 of the Advisers Act that have been in effect at any time during the past five (5) years;
  - 2. A record of each violation of such codes of ethics and of any action taken as a result of such violation for at least five (5) years after the end of the fiscal year in which the violation occurs;
  - 3. A copy of each report made by an Access Person for at least two (2) years after the end of the fiscal year in which the report is made, and for an additional three (3) years in a place that need not be easily accessible;
  - 4. A copy of each report made by the Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser and/or a Corporation to the board of directors of each of the Corporations BDCs for two (2) years from the end of the

fiscal year of the Corporation for which such report is made or issued and for an additional three (3) years in a place that need not be easily accessible;

5. A list of all persons who are, or within the past five (5) years have been, required to make reports pursuant to Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act, Rule 204A-1 of the Advisers Act and this Code of Ethics, or who are or were responsible for reviewing such reports;
6. A copy of each report required by Section VII (B) for at least two (2) years after the end of the fiscal year in which it is made, and for an additional three (3) years in a place that need not be easily accessible; and
7. A record of any decision, and the reasons supporting the decision, to approve the acquisition by Advisory Persons of securities in an Initial Public Offering or Limited Offering for at least five (5) years after the end of the fiscal year in which the approval is granted.

(D) This Code may not be amended or modified except in a written form that is specifically approved by majority vote of the Independent Directors.

This Code of Ethics initially was adopted and approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, including a majority of the Independent Directors, at a meeting on June 9, 2004. An amendment to this Code was approved and ratified effective as of February 1, 2005 by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, including a majority of the Independent Directors, at a meeting on February 10, 2005. A second set of amendments to this Code was approved and ratified effective as of September 1, 2006 by the Board of Directors, including a majority of the Independent Directors, at a meeting on September 6, 2006. The Code of Ethics was further reviewed, approved and ratified effective by the Board of Directors, including a majority of the Independent Directors, at a meeting on September 28, 2007 and again at a meeting on March 28, 2008. The Code of Ethics was further reviewed, approved and ratified effective by the Board of Directors, including a majority of the Independent Directors, at a meeting on September 28, 2007, March 28, 2008, June 17, 2009, June 15, 2010, August 24, 2011, August 21, 2012, August 20, 2013, August 25, 2014 August 26, 2015, August 25, 2016, August 24, 2017, August 23, 2018, August 22, 2019, August 25, 2020, August 24, 2021, August 23, 2022, February 7, 2023, August 31, 2023 and August 27, 2024.

## **Section X      Gifts and Entertainment**

Prospect Access Persons are required to consider the impact of any actual or apparent conflicts of interest in their business dealings. Entertainment and gift-giving in a business setting is permissible only as intends to foster working relationships, and may in no way be employed to generate an unfair advantage. Access Persons are expected to adhere to the following guidelines.

- Entertainment is appropriate only when it is used to foster and promote business relationships for the firm;
- Excessive gift giving or entertainment activity is prohibited;
- An Access Person must obtain prior permission from his or her supervisor to provide a gift, such as includes any item(s), or the entertainment event(s) of a given day, that exceeds \$150 in total value (inclusive of any tax or tip) per person or per gift, whichever hits \$150 first;
- An Access Person is then required to complete a Gift & Entertainment Preclearance Request in ComplySci (please attach your supervisor's pre-approval to the ComplySci preclearance form);
- If an Access Person forgets or neglects to preclear, please submit the preclearance form after the fact (understanding that this in effect transforms preclearance into post-clearance, but better than no record whatsoever in ComplySci). Please further understand that the actual amount spent should not exceed the pre-approved and pre-cleared amount absent extraordinary circumstances. In the event such real-time adjustments must be made, please make every effort to obtain on-the-spot approval, followed by notification to Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, of the actual amount spent. Deputy CCO, or his or her designee, will edit the original Gift &

Entertainment Preclearance Request on ComplySci to note the discrepancy between the pre-cleared amount and the actual amount spent;

- Concur (for submission of Travel & Expenses reimbursement) and ComplySci are two different and independent systems. Submission in one system does not necessarily alleviate a supervised person's responsibility to submit in the other;
- Access Persons may not solicit any gift or entertainment, nor accept cash or a gift certificate; and
- An Access Person may not accept any gift or entertainment that might influence his or her investment decision or that might make the supervised person feel beholden to any person or firm.